



Hip Evaluation Report

Report Date: 11/13/2014

Reference #: 916684
Practice #: 985112004362797

Radiography Date: 11/6/2014
Date Received: 11/10/2014

PennHIP Member:
DR. JOHN SHONTZ
SANFORD ANIMAL HOSPITAL
200 SEAWELL ST
SANFORD, NC 27332
UNITED STATES

Owner:
CARON JONES
344 SINGING HILLS DR.
PITTSBORO, NC 27312-7818
UNITED STATES

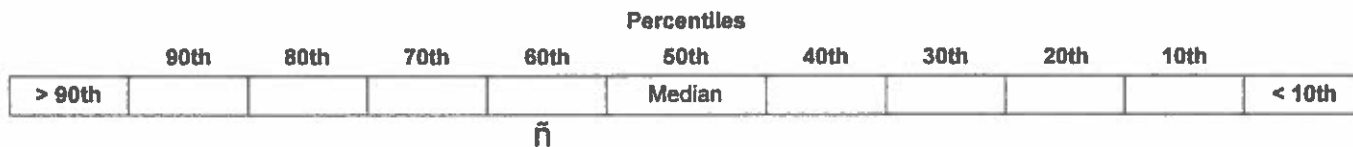
Table with 2 columns: ANIMAL information (SINGING HILLS WINDSONG (WILLOW), CANINE / AIREDALE TERRIER) and registration details (Reg. #: RN26810201, Microchip: 985112004362797, Date of Birth: 5/18/2014, Sex: F, Weight: 35 lbs., Age: 6 mo., Tattoo:).

Table with 2 main sections: LEFT and RIGHT. Each section contains rows for Distraction Index (DI), Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD), Cavitation, and Other Findings, with corresponding results and a descriptive paragraph for each.

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.

LAXITY PROFILE RANKING

The laxity profile ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (DI). This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 915 CANINE animals of the AIREDALE TERRIER breed. The median DI for this group is 0.55.



The chart above indicates the ranking of your animal's passive hip laxity (DI) in relation to all CANINE animals of the AIREDALE TERRIER breed in our database. This result means that 1) your animal's hips are tighter than approximately 60% of this group of animals (alternatively, 40% of the group has tighter hips than your animal), and 2) your animal's hip laxity is in the tighter half of the laxity profile. Breed-specific evaluations are analyzed semi-annually. Consequently, the average laxity and range of laxity for any given group will change over time.

PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder.

NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.