

Reference #: **898346**
 Practice #:

 Radiography Date: 1/12/2012
 Date Received: 1/18/2012

Owner:
 BRUCE & CARON JONES
 344 SINGING HILLS DR.
 PITTSBORO, NC 27312-7818
 UNITED STATES

PennHIP Member:
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 200 SEAWELL ST
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| ANIMAL | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| SINGING HILLS SPARTACUS OF WAGGIN-AIRE | |
| CANINE / AIREDALE TERRIER | |
| Date of Birth: 12/17/2010 | Sex: M Weight: 49 lbs. Age: 13 mo. |
| Reg. #: RN21575901 | |
| Microchip: | |
| Tattoo: | |

| RESULTS | | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| LEFT | Distraction Index (DI) | 0.38 | DI is greater than 0.30 with no radiographic evidence of DJD. There is an increasing risk of developing DJD as the DI increases; low risk when DI is close to 0.30, high risk when DI is close to 0.70 or above. |
| | Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD) | None | |
| | Cavitation | No | |
| | Other Findings | Not Applicable | |
| RIGHT | Distraction Index (DI) | 0.25 | DI is less than or equal to 0.30, with no radiographic evidence of DJD. |
| | Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD) | None | |
| | Cavitation | No | |
| | Other Findings | Not Applicable | |

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.

| LAXITY PROFILE RANKING | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|--------|
| The laxity profile ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (DI). This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 815 CANINE animals of the AIREDALE TERRIER breed. The median DI for this group is 0.55. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percentiles | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 90th | 80th | 70th | 60th | 50th | 40th | 30th | 20th | 10th | |
| > 90th | | | | | Median | | | | | < 10th |
| | ↑ | | | | | | | | | |
| The chart above indicates the ranking of your animal's passive hip laxity (DI) in relation to all CANINE animals of the AIREDALE TERRIER breed in our database. This result means that 1) your animal's hips are tighter than approximately 90% of this group of animals (alternatively, 10% of the group has tighter hips than your animal), and 2) your animal's hip laxity is in the tighter half of the laxity profile. Breed-specific evaluations are analyzed semi-annually. Consequently, the average laxity and range of laxity for any given group will change over time. | | | | | | | | | | |

PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder.

NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.